enjoy your magazine. Just wanted to let you know about my recent collection: Marianne Marchand and Jane Parpart, eds., Feminism/Postmodernism/Development (London: Rowledge, 1995). I would love to see it reviewed in one Isis Women in Action. Many thanks.

Jane Parpart International Development Studies Dalhousie University Halifax, N.S. Canada

ssue 2/95 was very well done and presented. Just a suggestion. Carry analytical items of how "globalization" and its various associated trends are violently affecting women in all areas of daily life while simultaneously affecting other marginalized sections of society.

Name withehld

Editor: Yes, we will.

here is an old adage that borrowed facility is short-lived and have little or no effect. The same dependence, resource crunch and follower tendency persist. Getting outside assistance frees us of risks, makes us dull and irresponsible about sustainability. And donor agencies have slowed down on funding projects and show indifference to many already existing and pressing problems.

For groups to be strong, self-reliant and erect, they must go through the processes of self-experience and management of tactical situations. The Indonesian women's attempt to raise their own resources through income generating alternatives is, in fact, the cry of the hour. However limited the [group's] initial investment might be, if it is nurtured, it grows with care and concern, and it belongs to the group.

The Alternative for Rural Movement (ARM) Baliapal, as a committed NGO, fully shares the desire of Indonesian women groups to stand on its own through self help.

Sumati
Alternative for Rural Movement
At/PO Baliapal
Dist. Balasore
State Orissa, Pin 756026

ost of us NGOs talk about development in terms of self-reliance, self-sufficiency, independence, sustainability. If that is true, then financial self-sufficiency is one of the necessary conditions for development. But most of our organizations are dependent on external funds. Because of that, most of the time, we have to compromise our idea of development to the donor's priorities and the availability of funds. Unless we become financially self-sufficient and self-reliant, it is impossible to promote self-reliance at the community level. The paradox is, under present conditions, we need the help of outside donors even to become selfreliant.

Problems are inter-related and global. So we can not isolate ourselves from the

global development processes. What we need is a real partnership: Help to help ourselves. To achieve that, donors have to change their funding patterns. They have to change from funding "projects" to funding organizations, to help organizations become development enterprises. Project funding is actually a tool used by donors to control the funds. Donors should [build] genuine partnerships with field level NGOs and help them become self-reliant.

We know many donors are willing to fund recurring expenses for which they may increase the funds every year, making us more dependent, and then leave us after some time in a vulnerable position. We wish donors to change their out-of-date funding methods and explore new ways to promote self-reliance. We also have to make attempts to become selfreliant both financially and ideologically. Otherwise there is no point in preaching selfreliance to people.

Renuka & Balakrishnan Centre for Women's Development and Research 4A, C.G.E. Colony, Old Beach Road Thiruvanmiyur, Madras 600 041, India

omen's groups should definitely not just rely solely on donor funding but should develop their own income generating alternatives. The idea behind women's groups is to do something that will give us a measure of independence, so it is only natural that if we want to be independent, we can help raise funds as well.

Women have a lot of resources at their disposal. Day-care centres and creches for working mothers could be set up at low cost to generate funds by women's groups. Vocational training centres could be set up where young girls who cannot continue their education for one reason or another are taught skills of trade by more experienced women in order to make a living: basket making, tailoring, cloth weaving and many other such skills.

Women's groups could also set up business centres that provide typing pools, photocopying services and, if affordable, computer services. telephone and fax services for a fee. In Nigeria, such business centres are good sources of funds, especially in university campuses and tertiary institutions. If individuals cannot sponsor these ventures, women's groups themselves can start something. Even summer programmes can help. For example, the Nigerian Association of University Women (NAUW), Ibadan chapter, organized a four-week summer program to teach adolescents how to make adire, a native tie-and-dve done on cloth, that vielded funds. So, women's groups should get up and go. The sky is the limit!

> Adetown Oyelude Wordoc Library Institute of African Studies, University of Ibadan, Ibadan, Nigeria

e should not rely solely on donor-based funding. Selfrespecting women do not have

## \$Editorial, from p.1

These values of self-sacrifice and service to others are pounded hard into women. In turn, they pound these values into their daughters. It is about time, however, for women to pound as hard on the values of individuality and self-actualization. And no pounding can be as good as self-example.

All the blood and sweat that went into the struggle for women's rights has reaped rewards. Women and their daughters can now be better educated, can now have better health and social services, can now have more economic power. Of course, accessing these opportunities is another story. And of course, the thing to do now is to translate these opportunities into political power, which means women making the choices available for themselves—whether in the spheres of politics, economics or parenting.

That afternoon in the office, when my daughter asked why I was not always around to nurse her wound or break her fall, she did not mean to say that it was a problem or that she suddenly saw me as a failure. Alex and I, we are both proud of what she can do by herself as a four-year-old. Having gained this measure of independence, I do not think that she will want to or that it is good for her to backslide.

But I did. I backslid. When I told my daughter that mothers are caring and nurturing, I forgot to also tell her that mothers should be allowed to choose how they wish to care and nurture, because usually they care and nurture best when they have that freedom.

Van mer custo caneon

the begging mentality. As a matter of fact, we should encourage women to be self-sufficient and self-reliant.

It would be a better world if beggars of any kind disappeared from the face of the earth.

Leonarda N. Camacho President, National Federation of Women's Clubs of the Philippines Chairperson, Metro Manila Council of Women Balikatan Movement, Inc.

## WHAT DO YOU THINK?

Can men be feminists? Yes? No? Why?

Let's talk. Speak your thoughts. Write to Feedback.

If you have questions you wish to raise, send them to us also and let's ask our readers:

"What do you think?"